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8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON	
9	AT SEA	TTLE
10	NORTHSHORE SHEET METAL INC.,	CASE NO. C15-1349-MJP
11	Plaintiff,	ORDER GRANTING PLAINTIFF'S MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION
12	v.	WOTON FOR RECONSIDERATION
13	SHEET METAL WORKERS INTERNATIONAL ASSOCIATION,	
14	LOCAL 66,	
15	Defendant.	
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17	THIS MATTER comes before the Court or	n Plaintiff's Motion for Reconsideration, (Dkt.
18	No. 72). Having reviewed the Motion, Defendant	's response, (Dkt. No. 76), and the related
19	record, the Court hereby GRANTS the Motion and	MODIFIES the stay in this matter. The
20	Parties are ORDERED to proceed to mediation and	d arbitration on Plaintiff's breach of contract
21	claim.	
22	<u>Backgro</u>	<u>ound</u>
23	On September 4, 2015 the Court entered ar	Order granting in part and denying in part
24	Plaintiff's Motion for Temporary Restraining Orde	er. (Dkt. No. 21.) The Court enjoined

1	Defendant from engaging in strike activity related to fringe benefits owed under the Parties'	
2	Settlement Agreement and Successor CBA. (<u>Id.</u> at 6.) The Court further ordered the Parties to	
3	proceed to mediation and arbitration on the issue of fringe benefits owed under the Settlement	
4	Agreement and Successor CBA in accordance with the mandatory dispute resolution provisions	
5	of those agreements. (<u>Id.</u>)	
6	The Parties filed three motions, including a Motion to Stay Proceedings Pending	
7	Arbitration filed by Defendant, (Dkt. No. 51). In that Motion, Defendant asked the Court to stay	
8	the case as to Plaintiff's first claim, breach of contract, and to order the Parties to proceed to	
9	mediation and arbitration on that claim. (<u>Id.</u>) Because the briefing on the motions indicated that	
10	the Parties had not proceeded to mediation and arbitration in compliance with the Court's	
11	September 4 Order, the Court declined to rule on the three pending motions, stayed this case, and	
12	ordered the Parties to proceed to mediation and arbitration on the fringe benefits issue. (Dkt. No.	
13	71.)	
14	Plaintiff has filed a Motion for Reconsideration, (Dkt. No. 72), of the Court's Order	
15	staying the case. Defendant has filed a response to Plaintiff's Motion, (Dkt. No. 76).	
16	<u>Discussion</u>	
17	I. Legal Standard	
18	Under Local Rule 7(h), "[m]otions for reconsideration are disfavored." LCR 7(h). "The	
19	court will ordinarily deny such motions in the absence of a showing of manifest error in the prior	
20	ruling or a showing of new facts or legal authority which could not have been brought to its	
21	attention earlier with reasonable diligence." <u>Id.</u> ; <u>see also Marlyn Nutraceuticals, Inc. v. Mucos</u>	
22	Pharma, 571 F.3d 873, 880 (9th Cir. 2009) (finding a motion for reconsideration warranted only	
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when a district court is presented with newly discovered evidence, committed clear error, or when there is an intervening change in law).

II. Plaintiff's Motion for Reconsideration

In its Motion, Plaintiff explains that it "does not seek to lift the Court's stay." (Dkt. No. 72 at 4.) Instead, Plaintiff "requests that the Court grant Defendant's prior motion related to staying proceedings on the contractual damages claim." (Id.) Plaintiff explains that "[i]f the Court were to grant Plaintiff's request to amend its Stay, the contractual damages issue would proceed to mediation/arbitration" thereby expediting this matter and bringing the issues in this case to resolution as quickly as possible.

In its response, Defendant states it "does not object to the Court ordering [Plaintiff] to comply with the Parties' grievance procedure." (Dkt. No. 76 at 3.) However, Defendant contends "the Court should deny Northshore's request to combine Northshore's alleged contractual damages claim and Local 66's claim for unpaid fringe benefits into one arbitration." (Id.) Defendant further contends "Northshore's attempt to send its claim directly to arbitration, without first filing a grievance, is in direct contravention to the Parties' agreed upon grievance and arbitration provision . . ." (Id.)

This argument is unavailing. Indeed, Defendant has previously requested that the Court stay this matter as to Plaintiff's first claim and send the claim to mediation and arbitration. (Dkt. No. 51.) Defendant seeks to have it both ways by first asking the Court to send the claim to mediation and arbitration, and then arguing that the claim is not ripe for mediation and arbitration.

In order to expedite resolution of this matter, the Court finds it is appropriate to combine the fringe benefits issue and the contractual damages issue for purposes of mediation and

1	arbitration. The Court, therefore, GRANTS Plaintiff's Motion for Reconsideration, (Dkt. No.
2	72), and ORDERS the Parties to proceed to mediation and arbitration on Plaintiff's contractual
3	damages claim.
4	<u>Conclusion</u>
5	The Court GRANTS Plaintiff's Motion for Reconsideration, (Dkt. No. 72), and ORDERS
6	the Parties to proceed to mediation and arbitration on Plaintiff's contractual damages claim. The
7	Parties are to provide the Court with a status report regarding mediation and arbitration every
8	three (3) months.
9	The clerk is ordered to provide copies of this order to all counsel.
10	Dated this 22nd day of July, 2016.
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12	Marshy Meline
13	Marsha J. Pechman United States District Judge
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